Union Calendar No.

114TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 5931

[Report No. 114-]

To provide for the prohibition on cash payments to the Government of Iran, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 6, 2016

Mr. Royce (for himself, Mr. Zeldin, Ms. Ros-Lehtinen, Mr. Nunes, Mr. Meadows, Mr. Thornberry, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Donovan, Mr. McCaul, Mr. Dent, Mr. Chaffetz, Mr. Conaway, Mr. Rohrabacher, Mr. Ribble, Mr. Trott, Mr. Young of Iowa, Mr. Desjarlais, Mr. Cook, Mr. Pittenger, Mr. Desantis, Mr. Duffy, Mr. Stivers, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Yoho, Mr. Rothfus, Mr. Chabot, and Mr. Williams) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

SEPTEMBER --, 2016

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on September 6, 2016]

A BILL

To provide for the prohibition on cash payments to the Government of Iran, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Prohibiting Future Ran-
5	som Payments to Iran Act".
6	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7	Congress makes the following findings:
8	(1) Since 1979, when it held more than 50
9	United States citizens for 444 days, Iran has repeat-
10	edly held United States citizens hostage.
11	(2) Presidential Policy Directive 30 issued by
12	President Barack Obama on June 24, 2015, states
13	that "It is United States policy to deny hostage-takers
14	the benefits of ransom, prisoner releases, policy
15	changes, or other acts of concession.".
16	(3) On January 17, 2016, the President an-
17	nounced that Iran would release several United States
18	citizens while the United States would grant clemency
19	to and release seven Iranian nationals serving sen-
20	tences or awaiting trial in the United States for seri-
21	ous crimes.
22	(4) Senior officials of the Department of State
23	have acknowledged that these United States citizens
24	were released as part of a "prisoner swap" and Ira-
25	nian negotiators reportedly asked for a cash payment.

1	(5) On January 17, 2016, the President also an-
2	nounced that "The United States and Iran are now
3	settling a longstanding Iranian government claim
4	against the United States Government.".
5	(6) The overall amount of the settlement is ap-
6	proximately \$1,700,000,000.
7	(7) Subsequent reports revealed that
8	\$400,000,000 of this \$1,700,000,000 settlement was se-
9	cretly flown to Iran, in cash, simultaneously with the
10	release of these United States citizens.
11	(8) One of the United States citizens released
12	that night, Pastor Saeed Abedini, has stated that Ira-
13	nian officials explained a delay in their departure
14	was due to the status of another plane.
15	(9) Senior officials at the National Security Di-
16	vision of the Department of Justice reportedly ob-
17	jected to the \$400,000,000 cash payment, warning
18	that Iran would see it as a ransom.
19	(10) On August 18, 2016, a Department of State
20	spokesman admitted that the \$400,000,000 cash pay-
21	ment was "leverage" to gain the release of Americans
22	held hostage by Iran.
23	(11) Iranian State Television quoted General
24	Mohammad Reza Naghdi, commander of the Basij

1	militia, as claiming "Taking this much money back
2	was in return for the release of the American spies.".
3	(12) According to Presidential Policy Directive
4	30, the United States policy against paying ransom
5	and releasing prisoners "protects United States na-
6	tionals and strengthens national security by removing
7	a key incentive for hostage-takers to target United
8	States nationals, thereby interrupting the vicious
9	cycle of hostage-takings, and by helping to deny ter-
10	rorists and other malicious actors the money, per-
11	sonnel, and other resources they need to conduct at-
12	tacks against the United States, its nationals, and its
13	interests.".
14	(13) Since the United States released Iranians
15	serving sentences or awaiting trial in the United
16	States for serious crimes and provided Iran with
17	\$400,000,000 in cash, Iran has taken several more
18	United States citizens hostage.
19	(14) On August 22, 2016, the Department of
20	State issued an "Iran Travel Warning" noting that
21	"Iranian authorities continue to unjustly detain and
22	imprison U.S. citizens, particularly Iranian-Ameri-
23	cans, including students, journalists, business trav-
24	elers, and academics, on charges including espionage
25	and posing a threat to national security.".

1	(15) The Government of the United States has
2	designated Iran as a state sponsor of terrorism since
3	1984 and a jurisdiction of primary money laun-
4	dering concern since 2011.
5	(16) The Department of State's most recent
6	Country Reports on Terrorism makes clear that "Iran
7	continued its terrorist-related activity in 2015, in-
8	cluding support for Hizballah, Palestinian terrorist
9	groups in Gaza, and various groups in Iraq and
10	throughout the Middle East.".
11	(17) In announcing Iran's designation as a ju-
12	risdiction of primary money laundering concern, the
13	Department of the Treasury made clear that "any
14	and every financial transaction with Iran poses grave
15	risk of supporting" Iran's ongoing illicit activities,
16	including terrorism.
17	(18) On March 17, 2016, the Department of
18	State acknowledged in a letter to Congress that there
19	remain some 'large claims' pending before the Iran-
20	United States Claims Tribunal, "many of which are
21	against the United States".
22	SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
23	It shall be the policy of the United States Government
24	not to pay ransom or release prisoners for the purpose of

1	securing the release of United States citizens taken hostage
2	abroad.
3	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON CASH PAYMENTS TO THE GOVERN-
4	MENT OF IRAN.
5	(a) Prohibition.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
6	sion of law, beginning on the date of the enactment of this
7	Act, the United States Government may not provide, di-
8	rectly or indirectly, promissory notes (including currency)
9	issued by the United States Government or promissory
10	notes (including currency) issued by a foreign government,
11	to the Government of Iran.
12	(b) Licensing Requirement.—
13	(1) In general.—Beginning on the date of the
14	enactment of this Act, the conduct of a transaction or
15	payment in connection with an agreement to settle a
16	claim or claims brought before the Iran-United States
17	Claims Tribunal may be made only—
18	(A) on a case-by-case basis and pursuant to
19	a specific license by the Office of Foreign Assets
20	Control of the Department of the Treasury; and
21	(B) in a manner that is not in contraven-
22	tion of the prohibition in subsection (a).
23	(2) Publication in Federal register.—The
24	President shall publish in the Federal Register a list
25	of transactions and payments, including the amount

I	and method of each such transaction and payment, by
2	the United States Government to the Government of
3	Iran in connection with the agreement described in
4	paragraph (1).
5	(c) Termination.—The prohibition in subsection (a)
6	and the licensing requirement in subsection (b) shall re-
7	main in effect until the date on which the President certifies
8	to the appropriate congressional committees that—
9	(1) the President has rescinded a preliminary
10	draft rule or final rule (as in effect on the day before
11	the date of the enactment of this Act) that provides
12	for the designation of Iran as a jurisdiction of pri-
13	mary money laundering concern pursuant to section
14	5318A of title 31, United States Code; and
15	(2) the Secretary of State has removed Iran from
16	the list of countries determined to have repeatedly
17	provided support for acts of international terrorism
18	under section 6(j) of the Export Administration Act
19	of 1979 (as continued in effect pursuant to the Inter-
20	national Emergency Economic Powers Act), section
21	40 of the Arms Export Control Act, section 620A of
22	the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, or any other pro-
23	vision of law.

1	(d) Appropriate Congressional Committees De-
2	FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congres-
3	sional committees" means—
4	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
5	Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
6	resentatives; and
7	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the
8	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
9	of the Senate.
10	SEC. 5. REPORT ON OUTSTANDING CLAIMS BEFORE THE
11	IRAN-UNITED STATES CLAIMS TRIBUNAL.
12	(a) Report.—The President shall submit to the ap-
13	propriate congressional committees a report that lists and
14	evaluates each outstanding claim before the Iran-United
15	States Claims Tribunal.
16	(b) Matters To Be Included.—The report required
17	under subsection (a) shall include the following:
18	(1) The total value of each outstanding claim.
19	(2) The current status of each outstanding claim.
20	(3) The likelihood that each claim will be re-
21	solved in the next 6 months.
22	(c) Submission to Congress.—The report required
23	under subsection (a) shall be submitted to the appropriate
24	congressional committees not later than 30 days after the

1	date of the enactment of this Act and every 180 days there-
2	after for a period not to exceed 3 years.
3	(d) Appropriate Congressional Committees De-
4	FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congres-
5	sional committees" means—
6	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
7	House of Representatives; and
8	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
9	Senate.
10	SEC. 6. NOTIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION RELATING TO
11	SETTLEMENTS OF OUTSTANDING CLAIMS BE-
12	FORE THE IRAN-UNITED STATES CLAIMS TRI-
13	BUNAL.
14	(a) Notification.—The President shall notify the ap-
15	propriate congressional committees not later than 30 days
16	prior to conducting a transaction or payment from the Gov-
17	
	ernment of the United States to the Government of Iran
18	ernment of the United States to the Government of Iran in connection with an agreement to settle a claim or claims
18	
	in connection with an agreement to settle a claim or claims
19	in connection with an agreement to settle a claim or claims brought before the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal.
19 20	in connection with an agreement to settle a claim or claims brought before the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal. (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The notification re-
19 20 21	in connection with an agreement to settle a claim or claims brought before the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal. (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The notification required under subsection (a) shall include the following:

1	(2) A legal analysis of why the settlement was
2	made, including a detailed description of all claims
3	and counter-claims covered by the settlement.
4	(3) A certification by the President that the set-
5	tlement is not a ransom for the release of individuals
6	held hostage by Iran.
7	(4) An identification of each entity of the Gov-
8	ernment of Iran that will receive amounts from the
9	settlement.
10	(5) A certification that the funds provided to
11	Iran under the settlement will not be used to provide
12	support to foreign terrorist organizations, the regime
13	of Bashar al-Assad, or other destabilizing activities.
14	(6) Whether an equal amount of Iranian funds
15	are available and accessible in the United States to
16	satisfy judgments against Iran by victims of Iranian-
17	sponsored terrorism.
18	(7) A copy of the settlement agreement.
19	(8) A description of the disposition of any re-
20	lated claims that have been subrogated to the United
21	States Government.
22	(9) A certification that the settlement is in the
23	best interest of the United States.

1	(c) Appropriate Congressional Committees De-
2	FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congres-
3	sional committees" means—
4	(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
5	House of Representatives; and
6	(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
7	Senate.
8	SEC. 7. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES.
9	Nothing in this Act shall apply to any activities sub-
10	$ject\ to\ the\ reporting\ requirements\ of\ title\ V\ of\ the\ National$
11	Security Act of 1947.
12	SEC. 8. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.
13	Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize any
14	payment by the Government of the United States to the
15	$Government\ of\ Iran.$
16	SEC. 9. DEFINITIONS.
17	In this Act:
18	(1) Government of Iran.—The term "Govern-
19	ment of Iran" means—
20	(A) the state and the Government of Iran,
21	as well as any political subdivision, agency, or
22	instrumentality thereof;
23	(B) any entity owned or controlled directly
24	or indirectly by the foregoing;

1	(C) any person to the extent that such per-
2	son is, or has been, or to the extent that there is
3	reasonable cause to believe that such person is, or
4	has been, acting or purporting to act directly or
5	indirectly on behalf of any of the foregoing; and
6	(D) any person or entity identified by the
7	Secretary of the Treasury to be the Government
8	of Iran under part 560 of title 31, Code of Fed-
9	eral Regulations.
10	(2) Iran-united states claims tribunal.—
11	The term "Iran-United States Claims Tribunal"
12	means the tribunal established pursuant to the Algiers
13	Accords on January 19, 1981, to resolve certain
14	claims by nationals of one party against the other
15	party and certain claims between the parties.